# **GROTESK**

Round but angular. Straight and stable, yet smooth: A low contrast sans-serif type family with 12 weigths in 3 width-classes for display and editorial use.

DESIGNED BY STEFAN BIEDERMANN

#### About »Maschek Grotesk«

MASCHEK GROTESK is a versatile and distinctive type family specifically designed for display and editorial use. It radiates a clear and reliable stability in accordance with a soft and warm appearance. Its letterform proportions and construction details result in a trustworthy and serious yet friendly personality - garnished with a pinch of humor.

While the heavy weights are perfectly suited for impactful display use, the well balanced text weights achieve remarkable legibility results. The large character set of 936 glyphs per style offers extended latin language support as well as various OpenType features such as small caps, case sensitive forms, 11 different figure sets, 9 stylistic sets, fractions, contextual alternates and many more.

### **Congruent Journalism** Architectural | Interior | Technology Yokohama vinyl recordings »SQUARING THE CIRCLE« **Arrivals & Departure Paradoxic Communication** Bibliography, page 269 [Archives], Gallery, Forum West Norway $\rightarrow$ Welcome Now Turntables on the Hudson\* **Ornamental** justification I'm serious: a friendly authority!

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNN OPÞQRSßTUVWWXYZ 01234567890{{[(§)]}}

abcdðefghijklmnopþq rsßtuvwwxyz@&%€\$¥£ 01234567890?!.:,;»«""

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNN OPÞQRSßTUVWWXYZ 01234567890{{[(§)]}}

abcdðefghijklmnopþq rsßtuvwwxyz@&%€\$¥£ 01234567890?!.:,;»«""

### PERFORMING LIVE "ON STAGE" TONIGHT: La précision scientifique **ERDBERGSTRAßENº48 371** Punctuation?! Meeting point: 16:30 Uhr Theater im Rabenhof "QUOTE" LIKE Ä"PRO" nifty\_ligatures@www.url.com §5: Millerntor-Stadion **GASTHAUS** "zum g'spritzen Seidel"

 $[about] \rightarrow$  scope of the styles

TYPE FAMILY

This type family consists of 22 fonts: twelve weights plus corresponding italics, offering a wide range from razorblade thin to well balanced text weights and even expressive ultra-fat display styles.

plus: also available as variable font!

Unthinkability THIN Extravaganza EXTRALIGHT Lightrooming LIGHT Nate Regulate REGULAR **Medium Rare** MEDIUM **Semiotic Arts** SEMIBOLD **Bold Stating** BOLD Extrapolation EXTRABOLD Blackcurrant BLACK Darkest Gray BLACKEST Darkest Gray FULLBLACK BLACKOUT

Unthinkability Extravaganza Lightrooming Nate Regulate Medium Rare Semiotic Arts **Bold Stating** Extrapolation Blackcurrant Darkest Gray Darkest Gray  $\Box \neg \neg \neg \neg$ 

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Unthinkability Lightrooming Nate Regulate **Booking Agent** Medium Rare **Bold Stating** Extrapolation Blackcurrant Darkest Gray Darkest Gray  $\overline{1}$ 

#### Why Maschek?

»MASCHEK« is a specific Viennese term meaning something like »other« or »otherness«, deriving from the hungarian word »másik«. People in Vienna say someone comes from the »maschek-side« referring to the back side or the other side, or when things are done in a different way than expected.

It is also the name of an AUSTRIAN COMEDY TRIO, well-known for their absurd-grotesque satirical live voice-overs of tv-footage. Developed from hand-crafted letterings for their posters and flyers, this typeface is scheduled to become Maschek's official »corporate typeface« in the near future, and will consequently be showcased in all of the comedians' print-, web- and tv-broadcasting-publications.

#### Why grotesk?

In German language use »GROTESK« is the general term for sans-serif typefaces (including, but not limited to »grotesques«). Furthermore the adjective »grotesk« means preposterous or bizarre, »[...], and thus is often used to describe **weird shapes** and **distorted forms** ...« (Wikipedia – grotesque)

These are attributes that match both, the comedians' exploits – creating grotesque situations – as well as how the letterforms are constructed: When you closely look at Maschek Grotesk's curves you will notice that every curvature includes a corner somewhere. That's just like squaring the circle. Grotesque, isn't it? Similarily the typeface's stems are neither soley angular nor rounded. Rather they have influences from both sides: the usual one and the »maschek-side«.

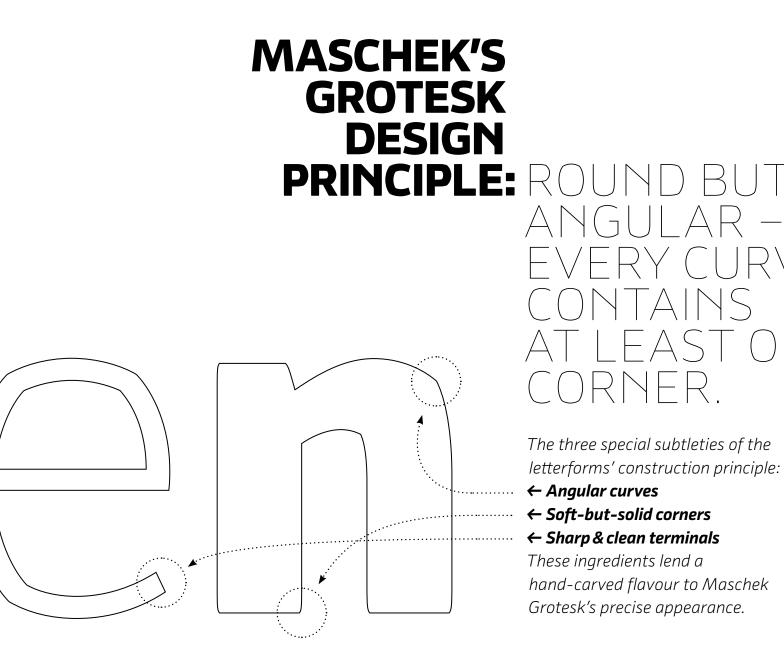




Two-thirds of the Austrian comedian trio »Maschek«: Peter Hörmanseder & Robert Stachel.\* More info: www.maschek.org

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 $\forall \vdash$ 



Affectionately constructed with passion and hand-carved precision.

And there's even more going on behind the scenes – have a look at some of Maschek Grotesk's technical aspects:

## OpenType Foresting

[tech. specs] → **OpenType features** 

#### Ligatures fi→fi

Standard ligatures:

fi, ffi, ff, fff, ft, fft, fj, ffj, tt

Discretional ligature:

www $\rightarrow$ www

#### **Case-Sensitive Forms**

All-caps settings for punctuation and symbols (raised dashes, parentheses, colons, cap-height currencies, etc.):

»(H:H-H@€H)« → »(H:H-H@€H)« ¡¿español?! → i¿ESPAÑOL?!

#### **Contextual Alternates**

Replaces x by »multiply« when between figures:

 $\textbf{21x29,7 cm} \rightarrow \textbf{21x29,7 cm}$ 

Raised colon when between default or lining figures:

 $\textbf{10:30} \rightarrow \textbf{10:30}$ 

Alternate j when following g, q, ŋ or ogonek

#### longjump qj ŋj ąj ightarrow longjump qj ŋj ąj

Converts figures into lining figures when following »Nº«

 $N^{o}27 \rightarrow N^{o}27$ 

#### **Arrows Shortcuts**

The ligatures feature also gives you a convenient way of typing arrows:



#### Fractions

Recognizes fractions automatically, date specifications will be preserved:

 $1/3 \rightarrow 1_{3}$   $37/25 \rightarrow {}^{37}\!\!/_{25}$  10/03/2021

#### **Slashed Zero**

Adds a slash to all of your zeros:

20 
ightarrow 20 605 
ightarrow 605

#### Ordinals

Premiera, Segundo

$$1a \rightarrow 1^a$$
  $2o \rightarrow 2^o$ 

Recognizes »numero« automatically, Nº supports tracking:

 $No. \rightarrow N^{\circ}$   $N^{\circ}308 \rightarrow N^{\circ}308$ 

#### **Localized Forms**

Language support for Catalan (punt volat), Turkish (dotless i, Idotaccent), Romanian (commaaccent), Polish (kreska).

L·L $\rightarrow$ L·Lil $\rightarrow$ ii $\dot{l}l$  şț $\rightarrow$  șț ćńóśź $\rightarrow$ ćńóśź

## Twelve {12} sets of **MUMERALS** for your figure-& typesetting pleasure:

### 01234567890 01234567890



DEFAULT FIGURES (standard text usage)

LINING FIGURES (all-caps settings) OLD STYLE FIGURES (elegant text settings)



### 0123456789 0123456789

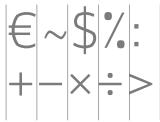
CIRCLED FIGURES & BLACK CIRCLED FIGURES (STYLISTIC SETS №5 & №6)







TABULAR OLD OTHER GI



OTHER GLYPHS WITH TABULAR WIDTH\*

\* all weights share the same tabular width.

### · • • ł

[tech. specs] → **stylistic sets** 

[stylistic sets №1&№2]: alternates for uppercase N / upper- & lowercase W

## $\frac{\textbf{WIN} \rightarrow \textbf{WIN}}{\textbf{SITUATION}}$

[stylistic set Nº4 / italic only]: oblique / no descender of lowercase italic letters f / ß



[stylistic set Nº3 / roman]: single-storey versions of lowercase roman letters a / g

### champagne champagne

[stylistic sets N°5 & N°6]: circled figures & black circled figures

 $123 \rightarrow 123 \\ 456 \rightarrow 456$ 

[stylistic set №3 / italic]: oblique versions of lowercase italic letters a / e / g

### télégramme télégramme

[stylistic set №7]: turns uppercase into a squarish all-caps-style

#### THIS FEATURE IS GOOD



[stylistic set №8]: »dieresis majestatis«: the coronation of diacritics

ÄÖÜ→ĀŌŪ

Hörmanseder

[stylistic set №9]: maschek-logo/speech-bubble-quotes



"Stachelbär"

#### ENGLISH / REGULAR / 9 PT.

Since at least the 18th century Italy (in French and German as well as English), grotesque has come to be used as a general adjective for the strange, mysterious, magnificent, fantastic, hideous, ugly, incongruous, unpleasant, or disgusting, and thus is often used to describe weird shapes and distorted forms such as Halloween masks. In art, performance, and literature, however, grotesque may also refer to something that simultaneously invokes in an audience a feeling of uncomfortable bizarreness as well as sympathetic pity. More specifically, the grotesque forms

#### FRENCH / REGULAR / 9 PT.

L'Art grotesque comprend des motifs d'ornementation peints, dessinés ou sculptés reproduisant des sujets de caractères bizarres ou formant des enroulements de feuillages en guise de colonnes dans l'entrelacement desquels apparaissent des figures extravagantes comme les mascarons, des personnages ou des animaux fantastiques; cet ensemble porte le nom d'architecture illusionniste. Le terme se rapporte d'abord aux compositions décoratives réalisées par les artistes italiens de la Renaissance, en imitation de décorations antiques similaires.

#### CZECH / REGULAR / 9 PT.

Dílo je nazváno groteskním, když dojdeme k přesvědčení, že způsob autorské interpretace reality překročil jistou intuitivně cítěnou mez a přerostl v její subjektivní víceméně disharmonickou deformaci. Groteskno nacházíme všude tam, kde výpověď autora neodpovídá dobové normě ve vnímání a zobrazování světa a staví se vůči ní, často ve snaze o realitě podat novou a podstatnější výpověď. Typické je zde nesourodé kombinování různých prvků (věcí, dějů, postupů, hodnot, forem) tak, že výsledek přestane

#### GERMAN / BOOK / 9 PT.

Die Bezeichnung Grotesk ist in der Fachwelt sehr geläufig. Sie bezieht sich darauf, dass die ersten Schriften dieses Typs als Groteske, also eine sonderbare, aber durchaus reizvolle Entstellung angesehen wurden, weil die Nichtvariation der Strichstärke und das Weglassen der Serifen allen Lesegewohnheiten widersprach. Grotesk-Schriften weisen einfach geformte, auf Bildschirmen gut darstellbare Glyphen auf und sind daher heute die Standardschriftart auf Computersystemen; die Bezeichnung Grotesk wirkt daher befremdlich, wes-

#### POLISH / BOOK / 9 PT.

Groteska (z wł. grottetesca) – kategoria estetyczna, charakteryzująca się połączeniem w jednym dziele (literackim, plastycznym, muzycznym, tanecznym, dramatycznym itp.) jednocześnie występujących pierwiastków przeciwstawnych, takich jak m. in. tragizm i komizm, fantastyka i realizm, piękno i brzydota. Utwory groteskowe charakteryzują się najczęściej niejednorodnością stylistyczną, obecnością kategorii absurdu, elementów karnawalizacji i atmosferą dziwności. W przypadku krojów pism, groteska lub grotesk oznacza szczególny rodzaj antykw.

#### SPANISH / BOOK / 9 PT.

Grutesco (del italiano grottesco, y este de grotta -"gruta"-) es un motivo decorativo derivado de la decoración de las "cuevas" descubiertas en la Roma del siglo XV y que posteriormente se han identificado como habitaciones y pasillos de la Domus Aurea (el palacio que Nerón hizo construir tras el gran incendio del año 64). Fueron muy utilizados en el arte del Renacimiento y se divulgaron por toda Europa. Consiste en la combinación de elementos vegetales<sup>2</sup> (follajes, guirnaldas), vasijas, cornucopias, <sup>3</sup> panoplias, figuras

### Light Headline left justified

 9 pt. In typography, EMPHASIS IS THE STRENGTHENING of words in a text with a font in a different style from the rest of the text, to highlight them. It is the equivalent of prosodic stress in speech. The 580% most common methods in Western typography fall under the general technique of emphasis through a change or modification of font: italics, 29 boldface and small caps?

old style figures

The human eye is very receptive to differences in "brightness within a text body". Therefore, one can differentiate between 1796 types of emphasis according to whether the emphasis changes the »blackness« of text, sometimes referred to as typographic color. A means of emphasis that does not have much effect on blackness is the use of italics, where the text is written in a script style, or oblique, where the vertical orientation of each letter of the text is slanted to the left or right! With one (or the other) of these techniques, *words can be* 

Italic highlighted without making them stand out much from the rest of the text [inconspicuous stressing]. This is used for marking 34,6 passages that have a different context, such as 85 book titles<sup>1</sup>, words from {foreign} languages, or (internal) dialogues: adress@mailserver.com

By contrast, a bold font weight makes letters of a text thicker than the surrounding text. **Medium strongly stands out from Light text,** and is often used to highlight keywords important to the text's content. For example, printed dictionaries often use boldface for their keywords, and the names of entries can conventionally be marked in bold. Quality to showcase uppercase q for less than  $\notin$  23,- to mention at least one  $\rightarrow$  currency & one arrow. The human eye is very receptive to differences in "brightness within a text body". Therefore, one can differentiate between 1796 types of emphasis according to whether the emphasis changes the »blackness« of text, sometimes referred to as typographic color.

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<sup>1</sup> These texts are based on the article »Emphasis (typography)«, https://en.wikipedia.org/ w/index.php?title=Emphasis\_(typography)&oldid=1013510133, mixed with randomly inserted words, figures, characters and punctuation to showcase the variety of »Maschek Grotesk's« appearance and letterforms. This footnote is set in 7pt./Light, the side notes in 6,2pt./Light.

### Regular Headline left justified

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\label{eq:stability} \begin{array}{l} {}^{N \rightarrow N} & \text{OTHER METHODS WINCLUDE THE ALTERATION OF LETTER CASE AND} \\ {}^{W \rightarrow W} & \text{SPACING AS WELL AS COLOR AND ADDITIONAL *GRAPHIC* MARKS.} \end{array}
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old style figures

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Bold Bold font weight makes letters of a text thicker than the surrounding text. **Bold strongly stands out from Regular text,** and is often used to highlight keywords important to the text's content. For example, printed dictionaries often use boldface for their keywords, and the names of entries can conventionally be marked in bold. Quality to showcase uppercase q for less than € 23, – to mention at least one → currency & one arrow. The human eye is very receptive to differences in "brightness within a text body". Therefore, one can differentiate between 1796 types of emphasis according to whether the emphasis changes the »blackness« of text, sometimes referred to as typographic color.

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### **Book Headline left justified**

#### $\label{eq:stability} \begin{array}{l} \mathsf{N} \to \mathsf{N} & \text{OTHER METHODS WINCLUDE THE ALTERATION OF LETTER CASE AND} \\ \mathsf{W} \to \mathsf{W} & \text{SPACING AS WELL AS COLOR AND ADDITIONAL *GRAPHIC* MARKS.} \end{array}$

old style figures

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 <sup>9</sup> pt. In typography, EMPHASIS IS THE STRENGTHENING of words in a text with a font in a different style from the rest of the text, to highlight them. It is the equivalent of prosodic stress in speech. The 580% most common methods in Western typography fall under the general technique of emphasis through a change or modification of font: italics, 29 boldface and small caps?

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### **Medium Headline left justified**

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old style figures

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Italic can be highlighted without making them stand out much from the rest of the text [inconspicuous stressing]. This is used for marking 34,6 passages that have a different context, such as 85 book titles<sup>4</sup>, words from {foreign} languages, or (internal) dialogues: adress@mailserver.com

By contrast, a bold font weight makes letters of a text thicker than the surrounding text. **ExtraBold strongly stands out from Medium text,** and is often used to highlight keywords important to the text's content. For example, printed dictionaries often use boldface for their keywords, and the names of entries can conventionally be marked in bold. Quality to showcase uppercase q for less than  $\in$  23,- to mention at least one  $\rightarrow$  currency & one arrow. The human eye is very receptive to differences in "brightness within a text body". Therefore, one can differentiate between 1796 types of emphasis according to whether the emphasis changes the »blackness« of text, sometimes referred to as typographic color.

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old style figures

### **Bold Headline left justified**

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 N→N
 OTHER METHODS WINCLUDE THE ALTERATION OF
 W→W
 LETTER CASE AND SPACING AS WELL AS COLOR AND ADDITIONAL \*GRAPHIC\* MARKS.

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By contrast, a bold font weight makes letters of a text thicker than the surrounding text. **Black** strongly stands out from Bold text, and is often used to highlight keywords important to the text's content. *For example, printed dictionaries often use boldface for their keywords, and the names of entries*  Italic

 $\lambda_{\lambda \ell} \rightarrow \lambda_{\lambda \ell}$ 

f/ss04

no descender

20 pt.

<sup>5</sup> These texts are based on the article »Emphasis (typography)«, https://en.wikipedia.org/ w/index.php?title=Emphasis\_(typography)&oldid=1013510133, mixed with randomly inserted words, figures, characters and punctuation to showcase the variety of »Maschek Grotesk's« appearance and letterforms. This footnote is set in 7 pt./Regular, the side notes in 6,2 pt./Light.

old style figures

### **ExtraBold Headline left justified**

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Italic

 $\lambda \lambda \prime \rightarrow \lambda \lambda \prime$ 

f/ss04

no descender

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## Black

### ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 1234\$€&PM.

### ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 567890@PM.

## Italic

Architexture's nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal 12345@website?

Architexture's & nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal #67890 website!

## Blackest Italic

### ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 1234\$€&PM.

### ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 567890@PM.

Architexture's nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal 12345@website?

Architexture's & nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal #67890 website!

## FullBlack Italic

### ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 1234\$€&PM.

### ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 567890@PM.

»FullBlack« is basically the same weight and shares identical stemwidths as »Blackest«. They differ in the counters of many uppercase letters (C/D/G/H/O/P/Q/U), which have been narrowed in »FullBlack« to achieve a more even distribution of the white spaces. Architexture's nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal 12345@website?

Architexture's & nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal #67890 website!

This leads to a somewhat »condensed« effect in these characters, accordingly the other UC glyphs have also been modified horizontally. No changes have been made to lowercase except for c/f/k/r/t, these characters were modified in mostly vertical aspects.

## BlackOut Italic

ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEW-ING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 1234\$E&PM.

ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER Architexture's nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal 12345@website?

Architexture's & nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal #67890 website! Thin

ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 1234\$€&PM.

ARCHITEXTURE'S SCIENTIFIC VIEWING WINDOW STUDIO OKAY JAZZ BLOCKER AQUA 567890@PM.

Italic

Architexture's nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal 12345@website?

Architexture's & nuevo Scientific Grid enjoy Okay Jazz views ragout Blocker Studio poem Equal #67890 website!

NW

NW

20 pt. / Regular

Upper Case

Lower Case

Small Capitals

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz agw ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

UC Diacritics UC Symbols UC Punctuation

ÁĂÂÄÄĂĀĄÅÃÆÆĆĆČÇĊÐĎÐÉĚÊËĖĒĘĞĢĠĦIÍÎÏÌĪJIJÍĴĴÝĶĹĽ ĻŁŃŃŇŅŊŇŃŃŇŅŊÑÓÓÔÖÖÖŐŐØÕŒÞŔŘŖŚŚŠŞŞßŦŤŢŢÚÛ ÜÜÙŰŪŲŮŴŴŴŴŴŴŴŴŶŶŸŶŹŹŽŻNºNº:{{[(#)]}}i¿@---

LC Diacritics Standard Ligatures Discr. Ligature

áăâäääaāaâãææáăâäääāāaâãććčçċðďđéěêëeēegggggggghiíîïìījijíjĵj ķĺľĮłńńňņŋñóóôööööööœþŕřŗśśšşşßŧťţţúûüüùűūųůŵŵŵŵŵŵŵ wýŷÿyźźźżffzftźyffffftģttwww

SC Diacritics SC Symbols SC Punctuation Discr. Ligature

ÁĂÂÄÄĂĀĄÅÃÆÆĆĆČÇĊÐĎĐÉĚÊËĖĒĘĞĢĠĦIÍÎÏÌĪJIJÍĴĴŚĶĹĽĻŁŃŃŇ ŅŊÑŃŃŇŅŊÑÓÓÔÖÖŎŐŐŒÞŔŘŖŚŚŠŞŞßŦŤŢÚÛÜŰŮŰŲŮŴŴŴ ŴŴŴŴŴŶŶŸŶŹŹŽŻ⟨([{&}]))/¿i?!%''"'WWW №№№

20 pt. / Regular

